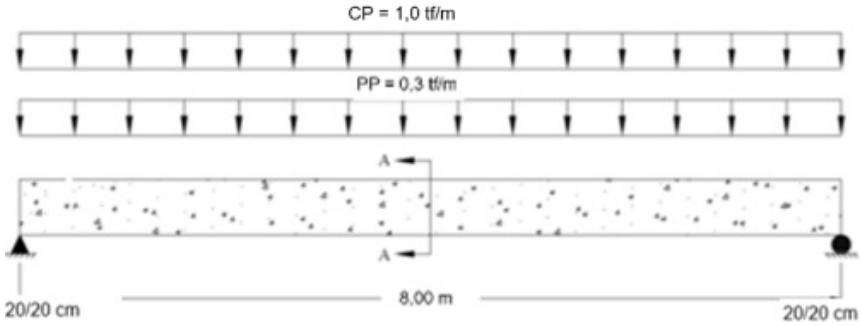
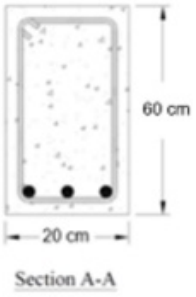
Vigas - Flexão Simples 3

FLEXÃO SIMPLES

Neste exemplo, será dimensionada a armadura longitudinal e transversal de uma viga submetida a Flexão Simples utilizando como base a Norma Cirsoc-2005, conforme dados abaixo:



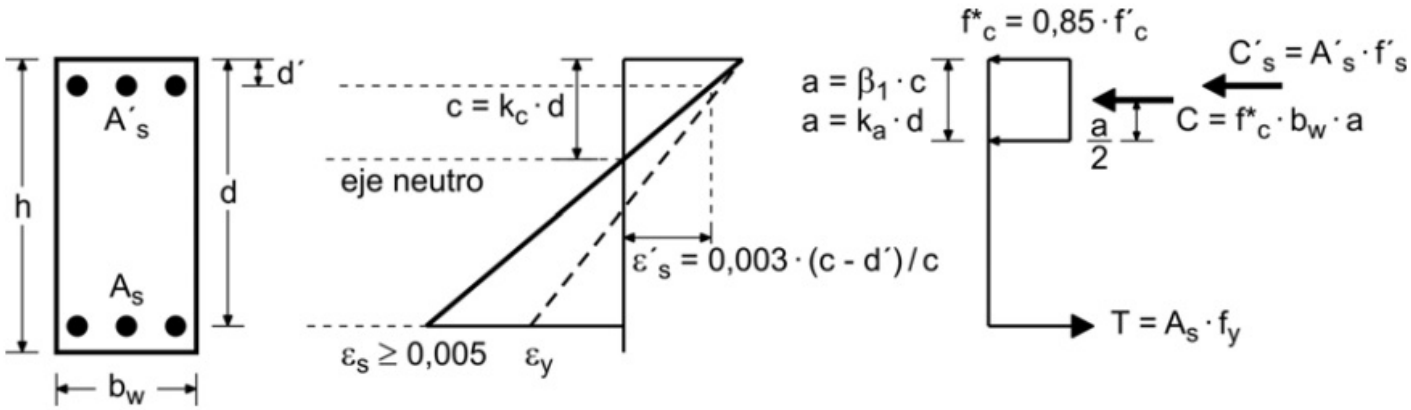


Concreto: H-25 / Aço: ADN420

bw: 20 cm / h: 60 cm

Mu:

TQS = 127,0 kN.m	**Software B = 133,0 kN.m**	**Software C = 129,0 kN.m**



Flexão:

$$M_n = \frac{Mu}{\emptyset} = \frac{127{,}00}{0{,}9} = \mathbf{141{,}11\ kN.m}$$

$$d = h - C_c - d_{be} - \frac{d_b}{2} = 60 - 2 - 0{,}6 - 0{,}8 = \mathbf{56{,}6\ cm}$$

$$m_n = \frac{M_n}{0{,}85 \cdot f'_c \cdot b_w \cdot d^2} = \frac{141{,}11}{0{,}85 \cdot 25000 \cdot 0{,}20 \cdot 0{,}566^2} = \mathbf{0{,}1036}$$

$$k_a = 1 - (1 - 2 \cdot m_n)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1 - (1 - 2 \cdot 0{,}1036)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \mathbf{0{,}1097}$$

$$\boldsymbol{x = \frac{k_a \cdot d}{0{,}85} = 7{,}30\ cm}$$

$$\boldsymbol{A_s = \frac{k_a \cdot f*_c \cdot b_w \cdot d}{f_y} = \frac{0{,}1097 \cdot 21{,}25 \cdot 20 \cdot 56{,}6}{420} = 6{,}28\ cm^2}$$

$$\boldsymbol{A_s \geq A_{s,min}}$$

$$A_{s1,min} = \frac{0{,}25 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c}}{f_y} \cdot b_w \cdot d = \frac{0{,}25 \cdot \sqrt{25}}{420} \cdot 20 \cdot 56{,}6 = 3{,}37\ cm^2$$

$$A_{s2,min} = \frac{1{,}4 \cdot b_w \cdot d}{f_y} = \frac{1{,}4 \cdot 20 \cdot 56{,}6}{420} = 3{,}77\ cm^2$$

$$A_{s,req} = A_s \cdot 1{,}33 = 8{,}37\ cm^2$$

TQS = 6,28 cm2	Software B = 6,49 cm2	Software C = 6,41 cm2

8,04 cm² ≥ 6,28 cm² → OK!!

$4Ø16\ mm \rightarrow 8{,}04\ cm^2$

øMn (159,94 KN.m) ≥ Mu (127,00 KN.m) → OK!!

Cortante:

TQS	Software B	Software C
Vu = 7,29 t	Vu = 7,10 t	Vu = 7,25 t
Vu,design = 6,08 t	Vu,design = 6,06 t	Vu,design = 6,10 t

$$\beta_w = \frac{A_s}{b_w \cdot d}$$

$$V_n = V_c + V_s$$

$$\boldsymbol{V_u = 7{,}29\ t}$$

$$\boldsymbol{V_{u,design} = 6{,}08\ t}$$

$$V_c = \left(1 + \frac{N_u}{14 \cdot A_g}\right)\sqrt{f'_c} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot b_w \cdot d = \left(1 + \frac{0}{14 \cdot 0{,}12}\right)\sqrt{25} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot 2 \cdot 5{,}66 = 9{,}43\ t$$

$$V_{c,lim} = 0{,}3 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot bw \cdot d \cdot \sqrt{1 + \frac{0{,}3 \cdot N_u}{A_g}} = 16{,}98\ t$$

$$\boldsymbol{V_c \leq V_{c,lim}} \rightarrow OK!!$$

$$\boldsymbol{V_n = \frac{V_{u,design}}{\emptyset_{0,75}} = V_c + V_s \rightarrow V_s = 0\ t \rightarrow V_n = 8{,}11\ t}$$

$$V_{s,lim} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d = 37{,}73\ t$$

Ø0,75 → øVn ≥ Vu → 6,08 ≥ 6,08 → OK!!

Área de Aço:

$$A_v = \frac{V_s \cdot s}{f_{yt} \cdot d} = \frac{0 \cdot 100}{4{,}2 \cdot 56{,}6} = 0{,}00\ cm^2/m$$

$$\boldsymbol{A_{v,min} = \frac{1}{16} \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot \frac{b_w \cdot s}{f_{yt}} \geq 0{,}33 \cdot \frac{b_w \cdot s}{f_{yt}} = 1{,}55\ cm^2/m}$$

$$\boldsymbol{A_v \geq A_{v,min} \rightarrow 0{,}00 \leq 1{,}55 \rightarrow Adotado\ A_{v,min}}!!$$

Espaçamento:

$$\boldsymbol{s \leq s_{max} \rightarrow s_{max} = menor\ valor\ entre\ s_1\ e\ s_2}$$

$$\boldsymbol{s_1 = \frac{d}{2} = 28{,}3\ cm\ \ ou\ \ s_2 = 400\ mm \rightarrow Adotado{:}28\ cm}!$$

$$\boldsymbol{\emptyset_t = 6\ mm \rightarrow A_v = 2{,}00\ cm^2/m \rightarrow \emptyset 6\ c/\ 28\ cm}$$

Øt = 6 mm → Av = 2,00 cm²/m → ø6 c/ 28 cm

øVn (10,66 t) ≥ Vu (6,08 t) → OK!!